### **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

### **Listing of Claims:**

1. -57 (Cancelled)

58. (Currently amended) A compound having a formula (I) selected from the group consisting of:

$$R^1 - P^1 - L^1 - \left(P^2\right)_n L^2 - \left(P^3\right)_m$$

and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl group wherein said cycloalkyl portion is monocyclic or polycyclic;

P<sup>1</sup> is NHC(O)NH-;

 $P^2$  is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)-, -CH(OH)-, -C(O)O-, -OC(O)-, -NHC(O)NH-, -OC(O)NH-, -NHC(O)O-, -C(O)NH- [[and]] -NHC(O)- and -O(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>q</sub>;

P<sup>3</sup> is selected from the group consisting of C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, -NHS(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>2</sup> and carboxylic acid analogs, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is a member selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or-unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, or-unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, substituted aryl, or unsubstituted aryl, and substituted aryl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;

the subscripts n and m are each independently 0 or 1, at least one of n or m is 1 and q is 0 to 3;

 $L^1$  is substituted  $\underline{C_2\text{-}C_6}$  alkylene; or unsubstituted  $C_2\text{-}C_6$  alkylene;

 $L^2$  is substituted  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkylene or unsubstituted  $C_2$ - $C_{12}$  alkylene.

**PATENT** 

**59.** (Currently amended) A compound having a formula (I) selected from the group consisting of:

$$R^{1}$$
  $P^{1}$   $L^{1}$   $P^{2}$   $R^{2}$   $P^{3}$   $P^{1}$   $P^{1}$   $P^{1}$   $P^{2}$   $P^{2}$   $P^{2}$   $P^{3}$  (I)

and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, wherein

- R<sup>1</sup> is a member selected from the group consisting of C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>12</sub> cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl and combinations thereof, wherein said cycloalkyl portions are monocyclic or polycyclic;
- P<sup>1</sup> is a primary pharmacophore selected from the group consisting of -NHC(O)NH-, -OC(O)NH-, -NHC(O)O-, -CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)NH-, -C(O)NH- and -NHC(O)-;
- $P^2$  is a secondary pharmacophore selected from the group consisting of -C(O)-, -CH(OH)-, -O(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>q</sub>-, -C(O)O-, -OC(O)-, -NHC(O)NH-, -OC(O)NH-, -NHC(O)O-, -C(O)NH- and -NHC(O)-;

# P<sup>2a</sup> is selected from the group consisting of -C(O)- and -NHC(O)-;

- P<sup>3</sup> is a tertiary pharmacophore selected from the group consisting of C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> haloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, -C(O)NHR<sup>2</sup>, -C(O)NHS(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2</sup>, -NHS(O)<sub>2</sub>R<sup>2</sup>, -C(O)OR<sup>2</sup> and carboxylic acid analogs, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is a member selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, substituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, or unsubstituted C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, and substituted aryl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl and or unsubstituted aryl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl;
- the subscripts n and m are each independently 0 or 1, and at least one of n or m is 1, and the subscript q is 0 to 3;
- L<sup>1</sup> is a first linker selected from the group consisting of substituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylene, and unsubstituted C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylene, substituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkylene, and unsubstituted C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> cycloalkylene, substituted arylene, or unsubstituted arylene, and substituted heteroarylene; and

 $L^2$  is a second linker selected from the group consisting of substituted  $\underline{C_2-C_{12}}$  alkylene, and unsubstituted  $\underline{C_2-C_{12}}$  alkylene, substituted  $\underline{arylene}$ , and unsubstituted arylene, and combinations thereof; and

A<sup>1</sup> is a member selected from the group consisting of an amino acid, a dipeptide and a dipeptide analog.

**60.** (Cancel)

61. - 69. (Cancelled)

70. (Currently amended and withdrawn) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient and a compound of <u>any one of claims elaim</u> 58 <u>and 59</u>.

71. - 104. (Cancel)

105. (Currently amended) The compound in accordance with any one of claims 58,60 and 95 to 98 and 59, wherein  $P^3$  is  $-C(O)OR^2$  and or a carboxylic acid analog, wherein and  $R^2$  is hydrogen, substituted  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl, or unsubstituted  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl, substituted  $C_3-C_8$  cycloalkyl.

106. (New) The compound of any one of Claims 58 and 59, wherein  $P^3$  is  $-C(O)OR^2$  or a carboxylic acid analog, and  $R^2$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, methyl, and ethyl.

107. (New) The compound of any one of Claims 58 and 59, wherein  $R^1$  is selected from the group consisting of  $C_5$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl, phenyl and naphthyl.

108. (New) The compound of any one of Claims 58 and 59, wherein  $R^1$  is selected from the group consisting of  $C_5$ - $C_{12}$  cycloalkyl and phenyl.

109. (New) The compound of any one of Claims 58 and 59, wherein  $R^1$  is selected from the group consisting of cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclooctyl, norbornyl, adamantyl, noradamantyl, and phenyl is optionally substituted with from one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkoxy,  $C_3$ - $C_5$  cycloalkyl and cyano.

- 110. (New) The compound of any one of Claims 58 and 59, wherein P<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of -NHC(O)CH-, -OC(O)NH- and -NHC(O)O-.
- 111. (New) The compound of any one of Claims 58 and 59, wherein P<sup>1</sup> is-NHC(O)CH-.
- 112. (New) The compound of any one of Claims 58 and 59, wherein L<sup>1</sup> is an alkylene of from 2 to 4 carbon atoms.

 $P^2$  is not present; and  $L^2$  is an alkylene of from 2 to 8 carbon atoms.

113. (New) The compound of Claim 59, wherein the compound has formula (I), wherein P<sup>1</sup> is selected from the group consisting of —NHC(O)NH—,

-OC(O)NH— and —NHC(O)O—; n is 0; m is 1;

 $L^1$  is selected from the group consisting of unsubstituted  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkylene, unsubstituted  $C_3$ - $C_6$ cycloalkylene, substituted  $C_3$ - $C_6$ cycloalkylene, unsubstituted arylene and substituted arylene;

 $L^2$  is selected from the group consisting of unsubstituted  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkylene and substituted  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkylene; and

 $P^3$  is selected from the group consisting of  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkynyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  haloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, — $C(O)NHR^2$ , — $C(O)NHS(O)_2R^2$ , — $NHS(O)_2R^2$ , — $C(O)OR^2$  and carboxylic acid analogs, and  $R^2$  is a member selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, unsubstituted  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, substituted  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl, unsubstituted  $C_3$ - $C_8$  cycloalkyl, substituted aryl, substituted aryl, unsubstituted aryl  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl and substituted aryl  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl.

- 114. (New) A compound having the formula described in Tables 1-18 and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts.
- 115. (New) A compound having the formula:

**PATENT** 

Appl. No. 10/817,334 Amdt. dated October 13, 2006 Reply to Office Action of June 14, 2006

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

## 116. (New) A compound having the formula:

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

## 117. (New) A compound having the formula:

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.